

Qbot User Manual



Overview

LewanSoul Qbot is a Smart Robot Car Kit that can be programmable, with Ultrasonic Sensor, Light Sensor, Line Tracking Sensor, OLED Display, Bluetooth Module, Infrared Remote Control, Free Mobile APP for Arduino.

Product Parameters:

Net Weight	About 0.308 pounds
Material	fiberglass
Bluetooth module	support
Package Dimensions	9.8 x 6.2 x 2.4 inches

Product list:

Motor driven board	1
Upper chassis	1
Ultrasonic sensor	1
Charger	1
Infrared remote control	
Screwdriver	1
Screw and copper pillar kit	1
	1

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Main function introduction

Qbot is an educational robot based on graphical programming and Arduino platform. This robot is perfect for learning STEM and robotic knowledges. Perfect choice for robot lovers and beginners (Age is better than 8 years old) to learn robotics, electronics and program.

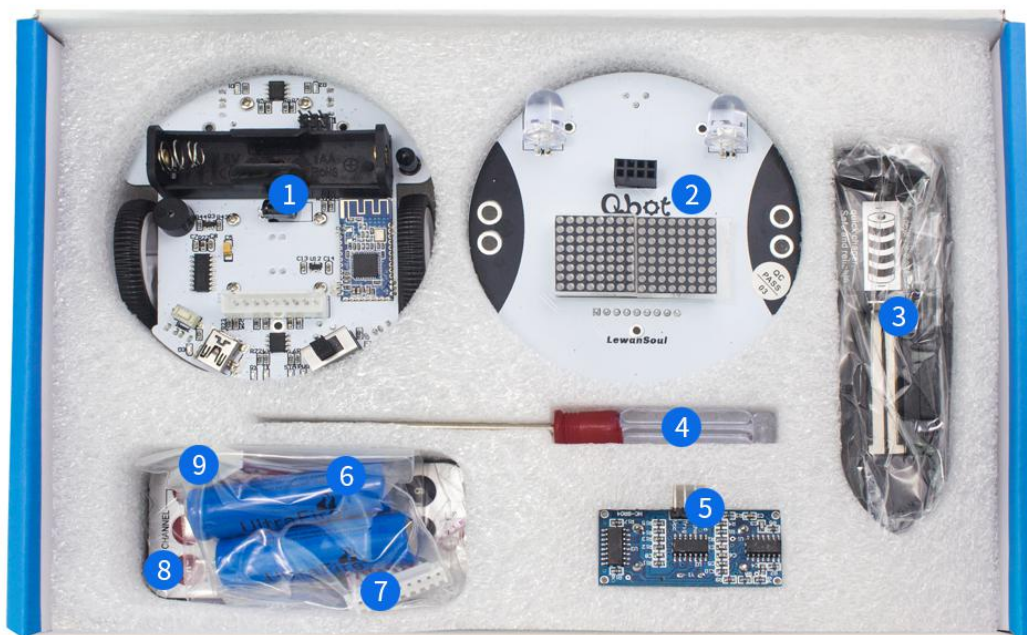
Qbot has more than 10 sensor modules, highly integrated body makes assembly very convenient, which helps you save time installing the sensor module.

Compared with many other robot products that need to be built for a long time, the whole assembly process of Qbot only takes 2 minutes, so that you are no longer bothered by the tedious assembly. The holes in the robot can be compatible with the LEGO bricks and you can extend its function yourself, this means that Qbot will have infinite possibilities.

In order to remote control Qbot more easily, we provide customers with a mobile APP. The phone connects to Qbot via Bluetooth 4. APP internally presets 3 modes of work to enhance the interest of Qbot. Qbot uses Drag and drop visual graphic programming software - WeMake, which is a software developed based on Scratch 2.0. It allows us to quickly learn programming and control robots.

Structure diagram

- 1 Motor Driven Board
- 2 Upper Plate
- 3 Power Adapter
- 4 Screwdriver
- 5 Ultrasonic Sensor
- 6 Lithium Battery
- 7 Flat Cable
- 8 Infrared Remote Control
- 9 Copper Columns & Screws



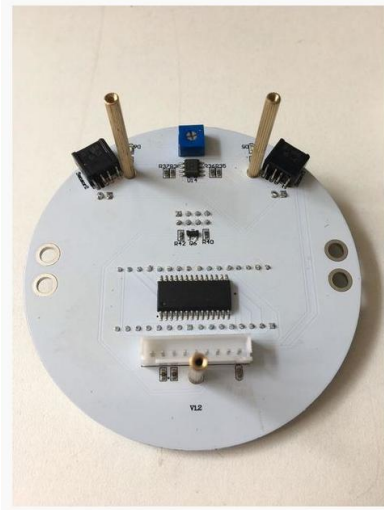
The assembly of Qbot



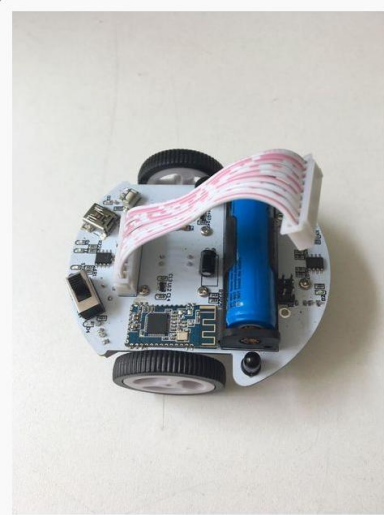
Assembly steps:

Step 1: We can fix 3 copper pillars onto control board.

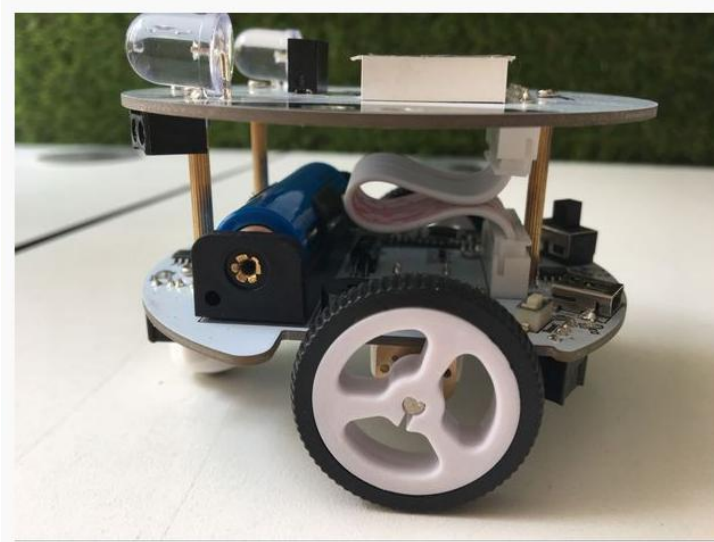




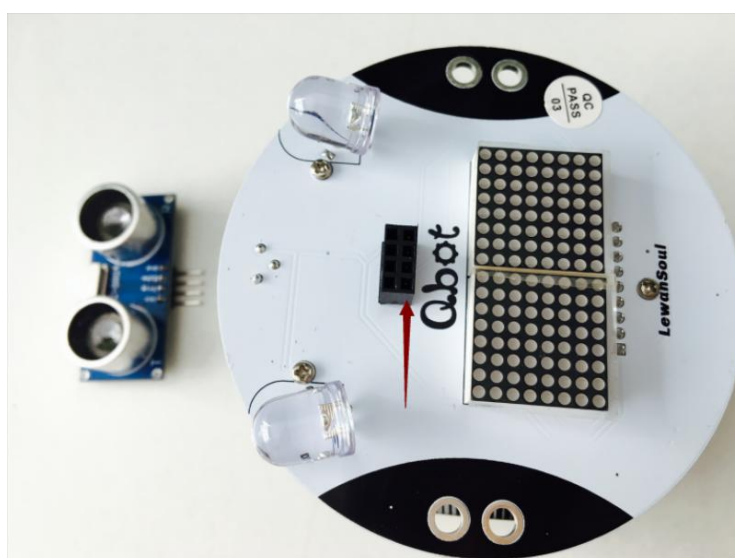
Step 2: Then use wires to connect two board and put lithium battery onto the motor board.

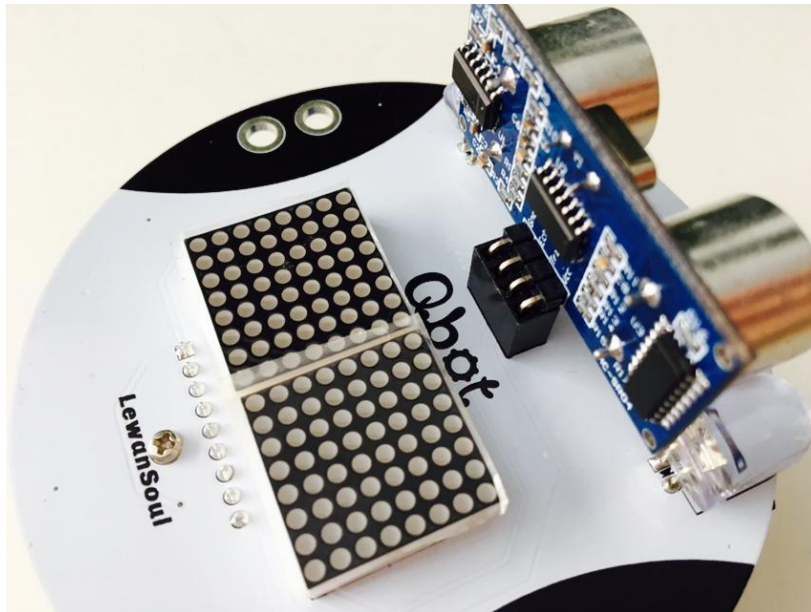


Step 3: Use screws to join two board together (control board and motor board).



Step 4: Fix ultrasonic module to the right position. (There are two rows of serial ports, you need to insert the ultrasonic sensor into the back row)





Video: Assembly
(You can also refer to the tutorial video)

How to use Wemake to program Qbot

1. How to install WeMake on your computer

Wemake is a graphical programming tool developed based on scratch2.0, we can use this software to control. Through Wemake programming we can achieve the interaction between software and the physical world to make QBot do corresponding response according to the changes in the environment . Wemake's simple operability makes it possible for everyone to build their own intelligent robots without having to learn esoteric electronic knowledge.

You can download the installation file of Wemake at ,,,,, , or contact the salesperson for it.

Install Wemake

Open installation file and select installation path.

Click “next”



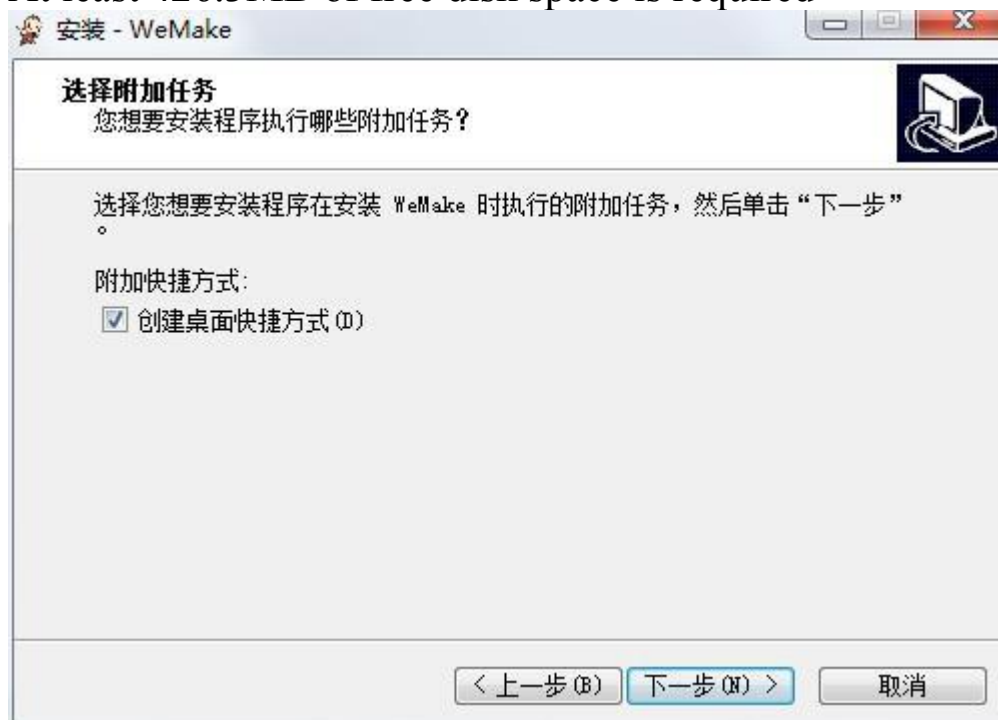
select destination location

Where do you want to install wemake ?

The installer will install wemake into the following folder

Click next to continue , if you want to select other folder ,click”browse”

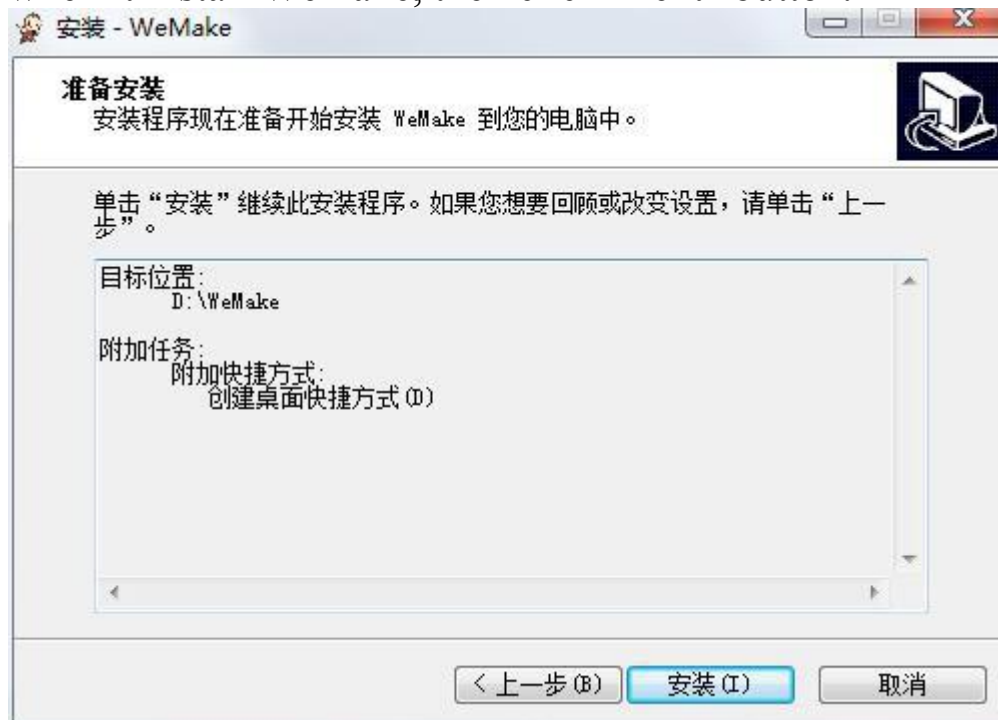
At least 426.3MB of free disk space is required



Select additional tasks

What additional tasks do you want the installer to perform ?

Select the additional task that you want the installer to perform when it install Wemake, then click “next” button.



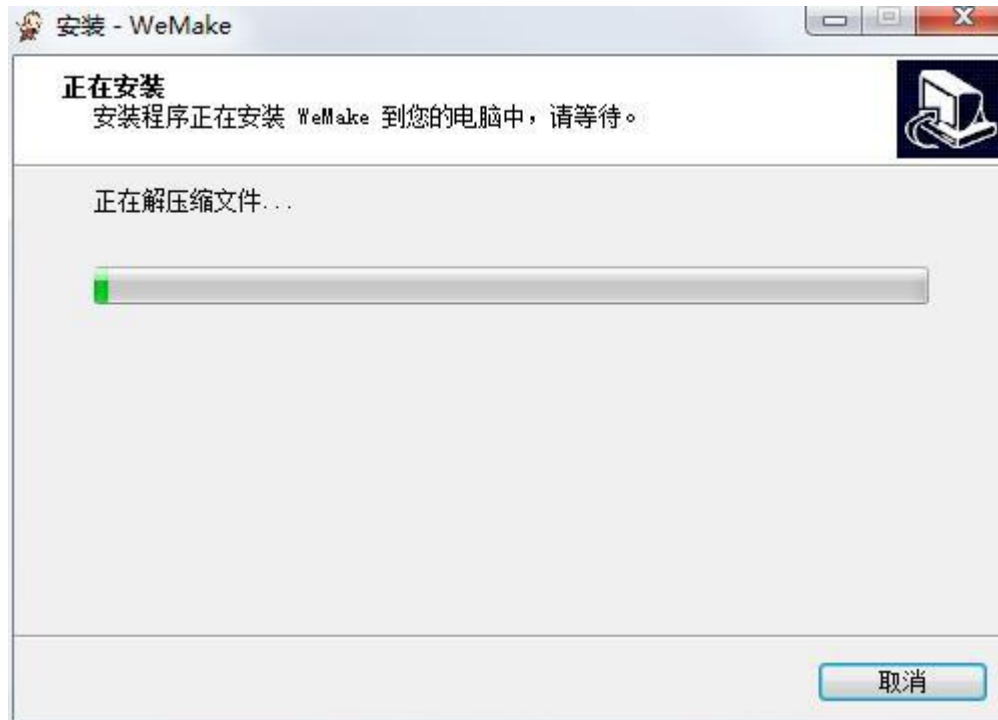
The installer is now ready to install wemake into your computer

Click install to continue with this installer, if you want to review or change the settings, please click “back”

Destination location additional task Additional shortcuts

Create a desktop shortcut

Click install



Installing

The installer is installing wemake into your computer, please wait.

Extracting compressed files

waiting for installation patiently



The wemake installation wizard finishes

The installer has installed Wemake into your computer, this application can be run by selecting the installed shortcut
Click "finish" exit the installer

Only after QBot is connected to Wemake, we can use Wemake to program QBot.

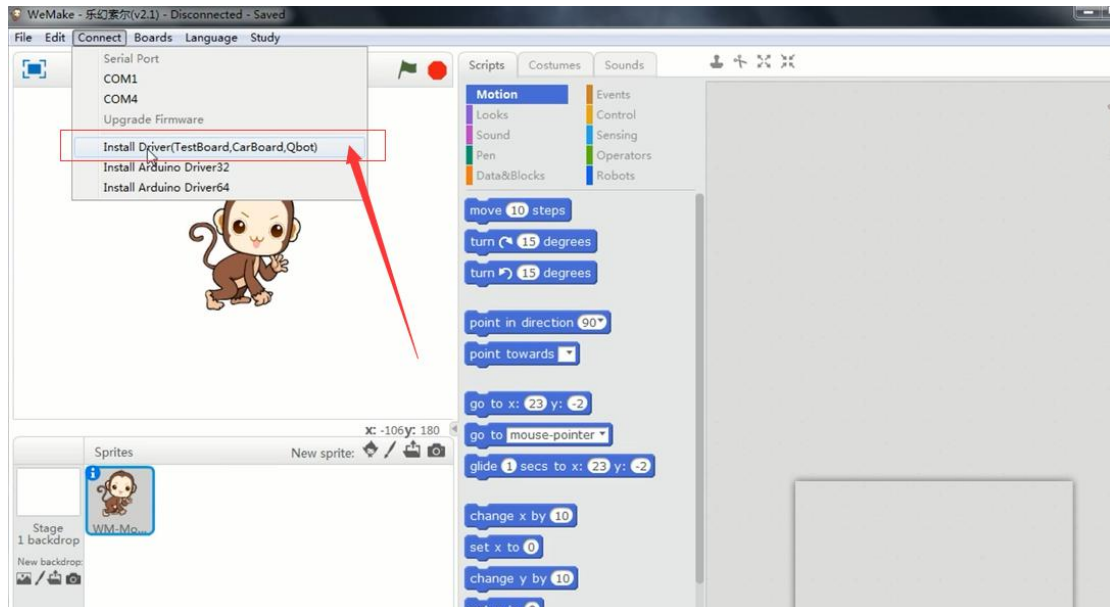
How can we connect Qbot to Wemake?

First, we need to connect Qbot to computer with USB cable, and open Wemake software.

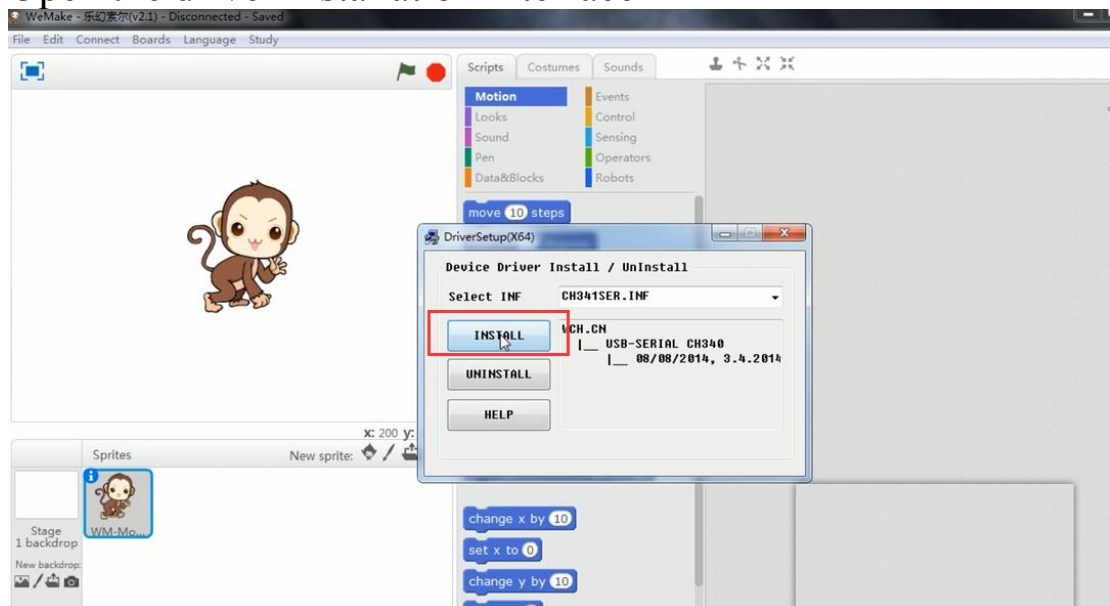


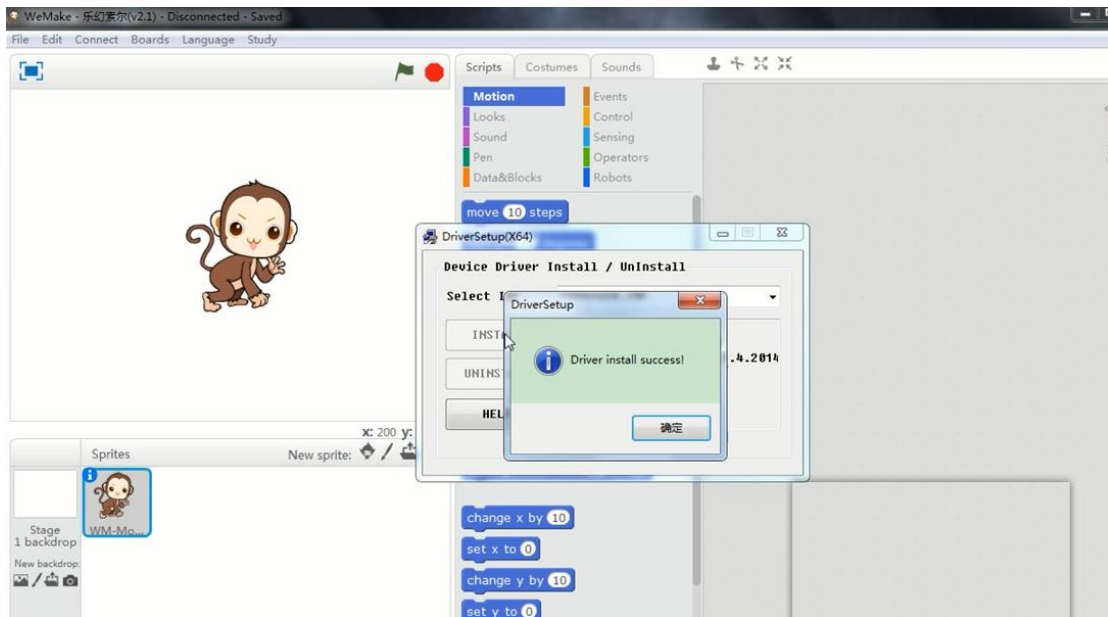
2.How to install the driver

Use the WeMake at the first time, you should install the driver. select the corresponding port in Menu>connect>Install Driver



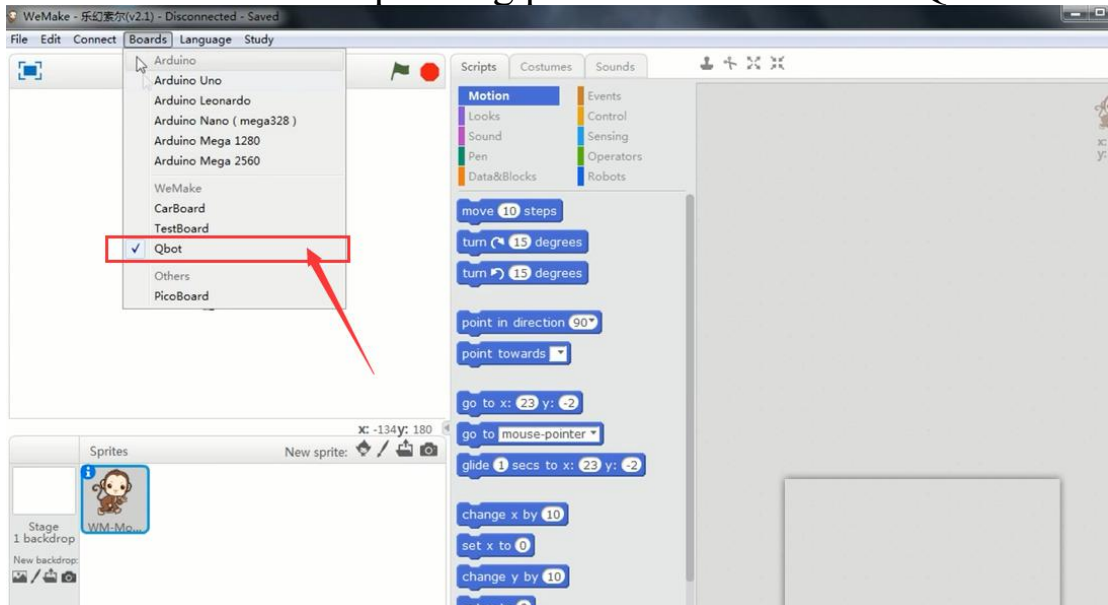
Open the driver installation interface



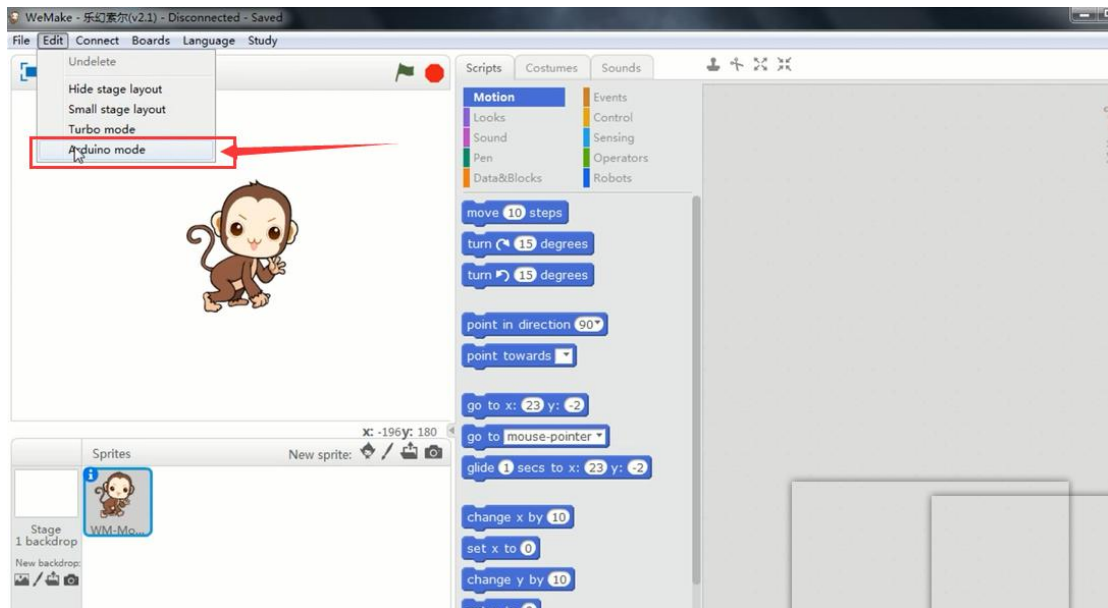


Waiting for installation. The window is automatically closed after the installation is complete.

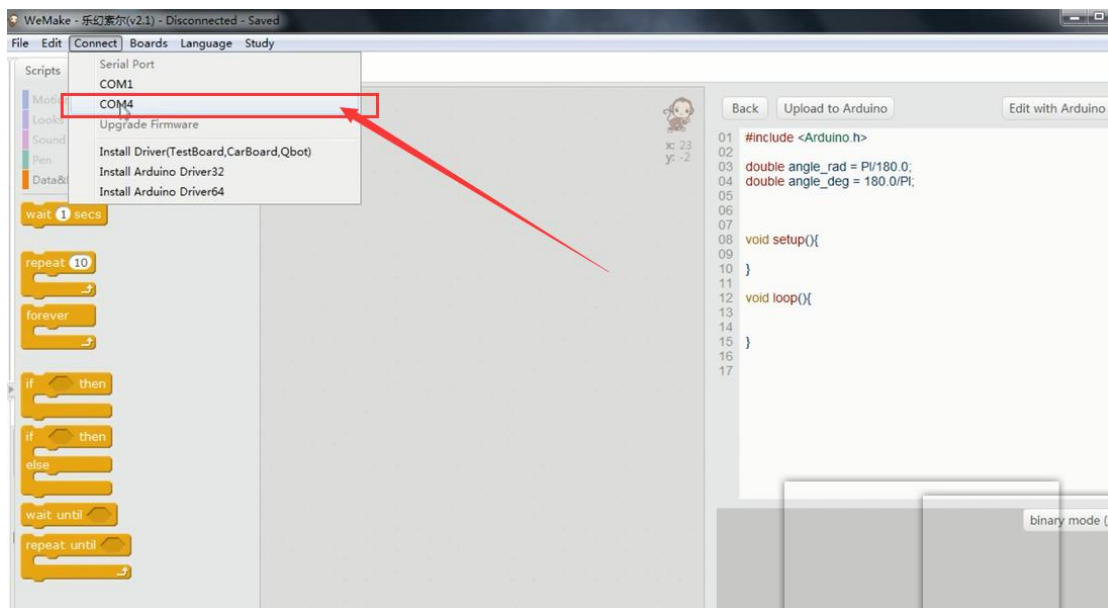
Next select the corresponding port in Menu>Boards>Qbot



select the corresponding port in Menu>Edit>Arduinio mode



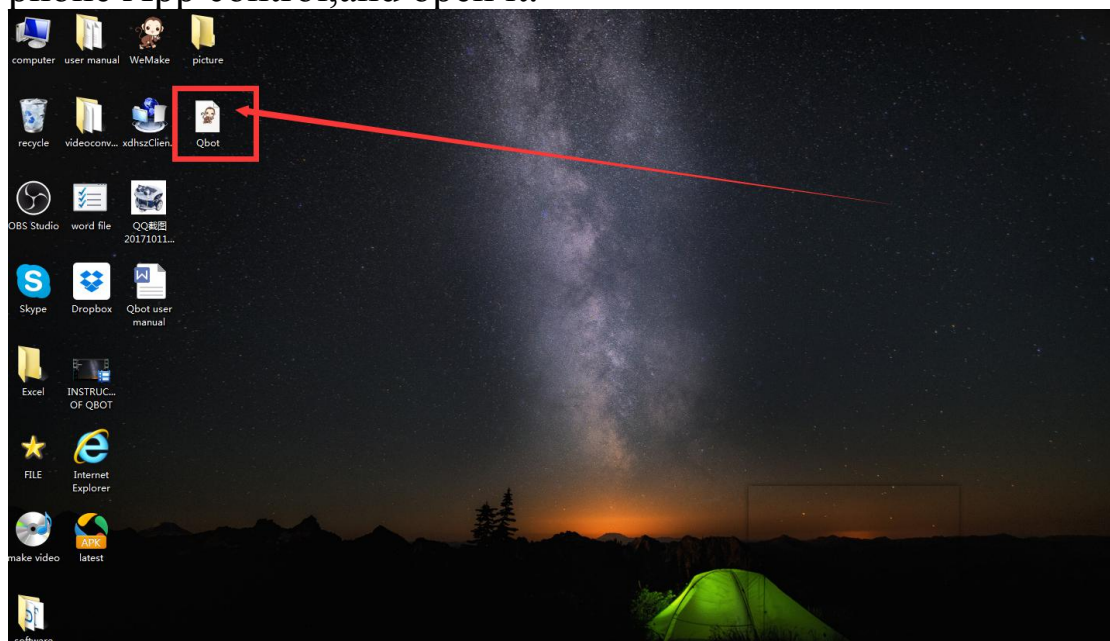
connect the Qbot,select the corresponding port in
Menu>Connect>COM4

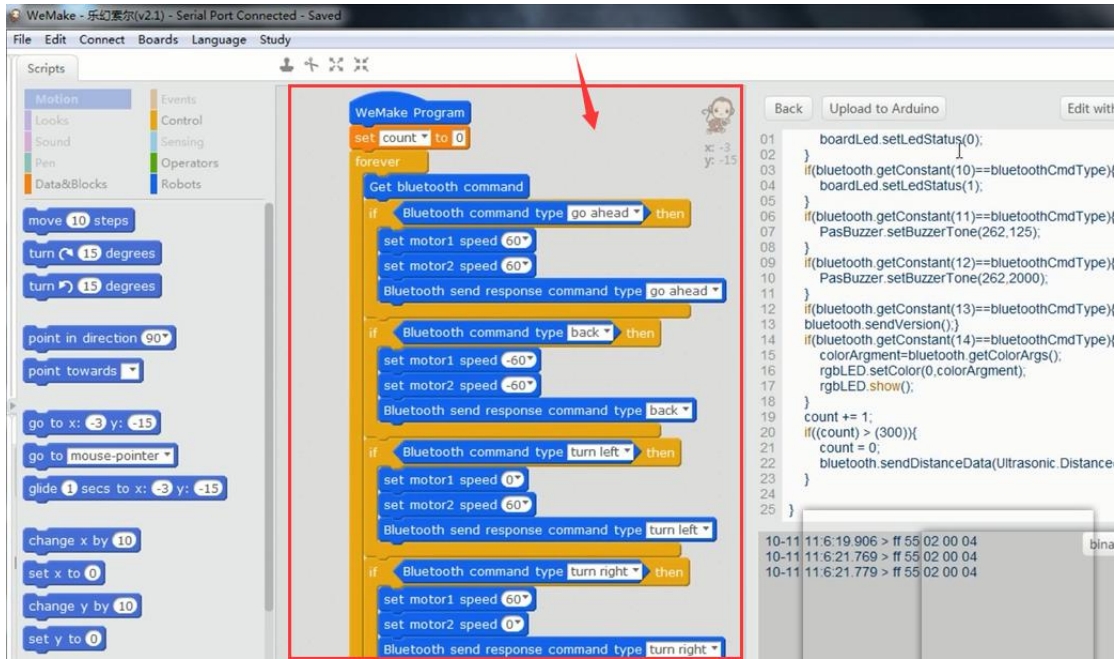


3.How to download the firmware

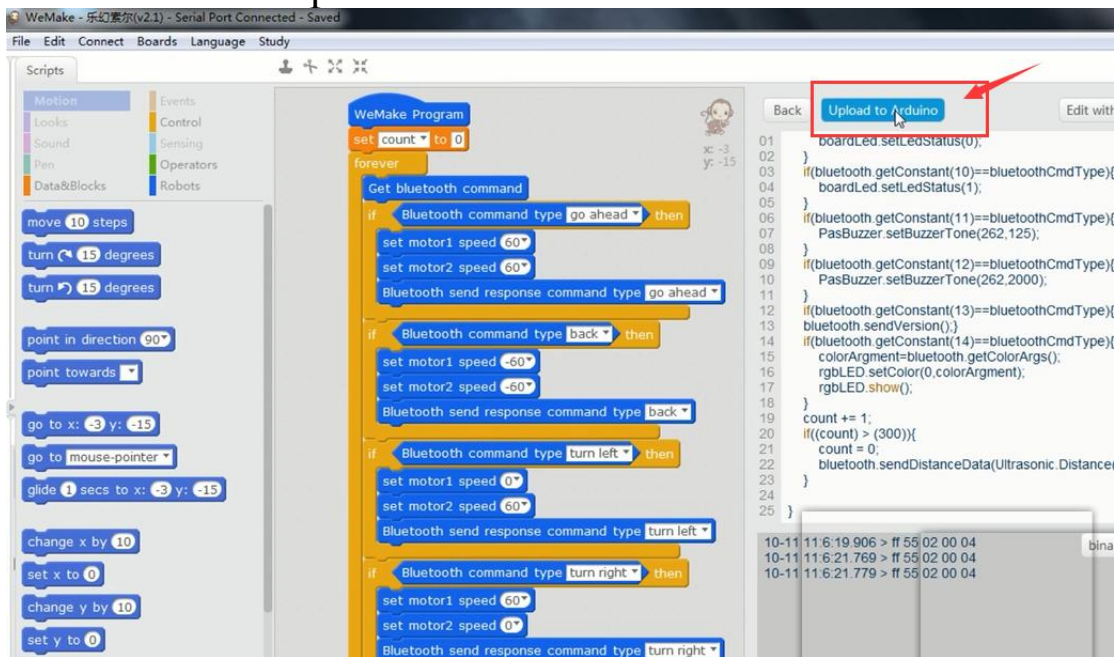
There are two ways for controlling the Qbot, one is use Infrared remote control and the other way is use mobile phoneApp.Different functions require different firmware to control.If you use the first way to control the Qbot you can control it directly by the Infrared remote control,because the default state of Qbot that the firmware we have installed.If you use the second way you should install the firmware by yourself.

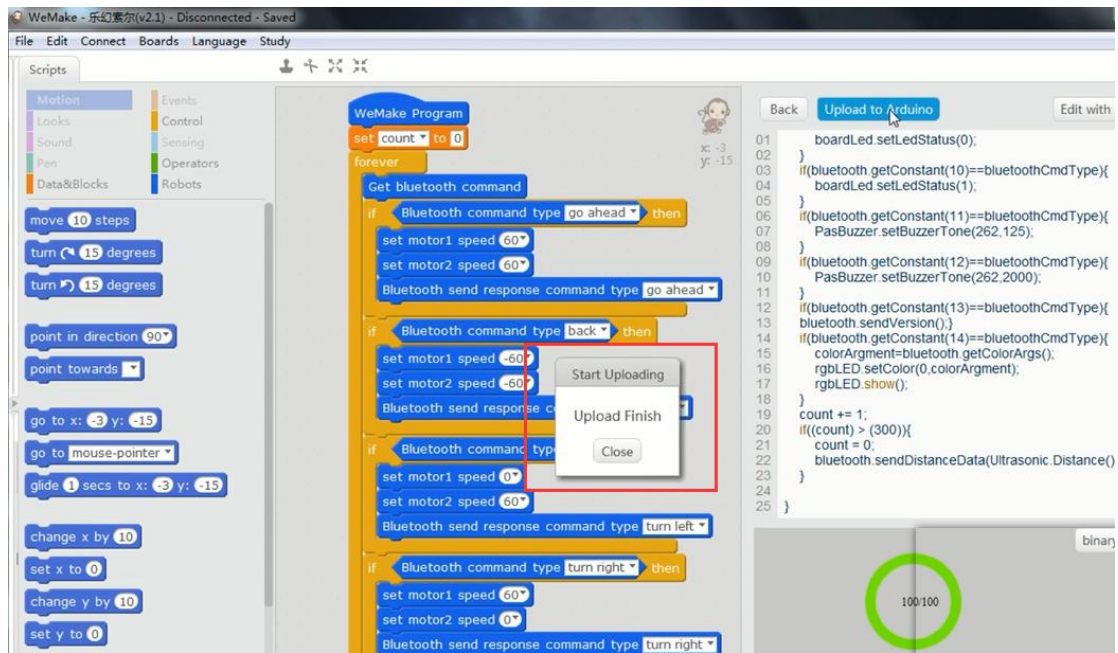
After connecting the Qbot, then find the firmware that of mobile phone App control,and open it.





Then click the “Upload to Arduino”

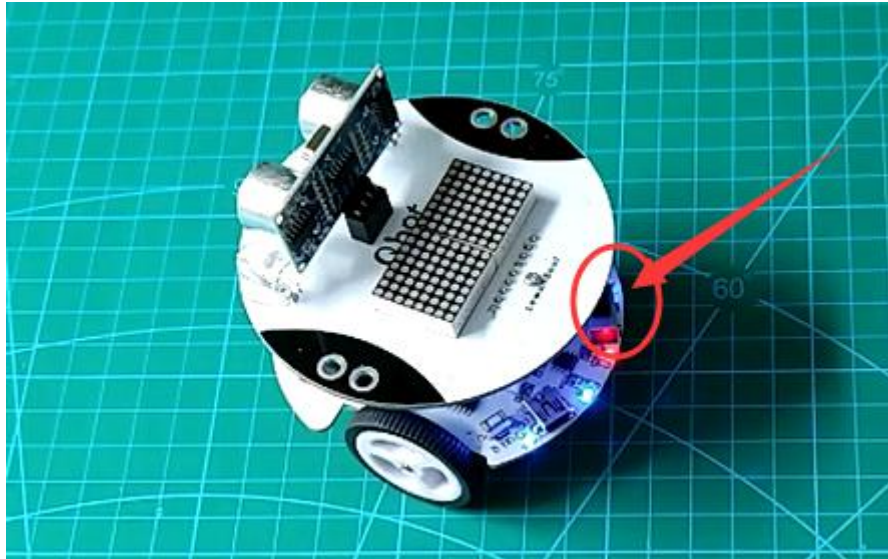




When it appears Upload finish, you can start controlling your Qbot with mobile phone.

How to use mobile phone to control the Qbot

First turn on the switch of the Qbot



Then open the Qbot APP that have been download on your mobile phone.



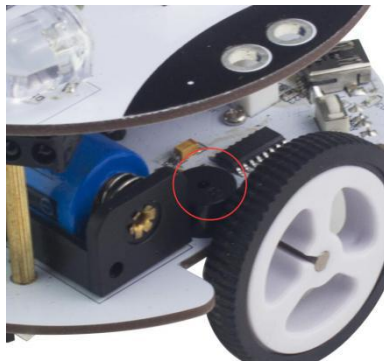
After connecting the bluetooth,you can start controlling your Qbot.



Different ways of playing

1. Alarming and stoping while facing the obstacle

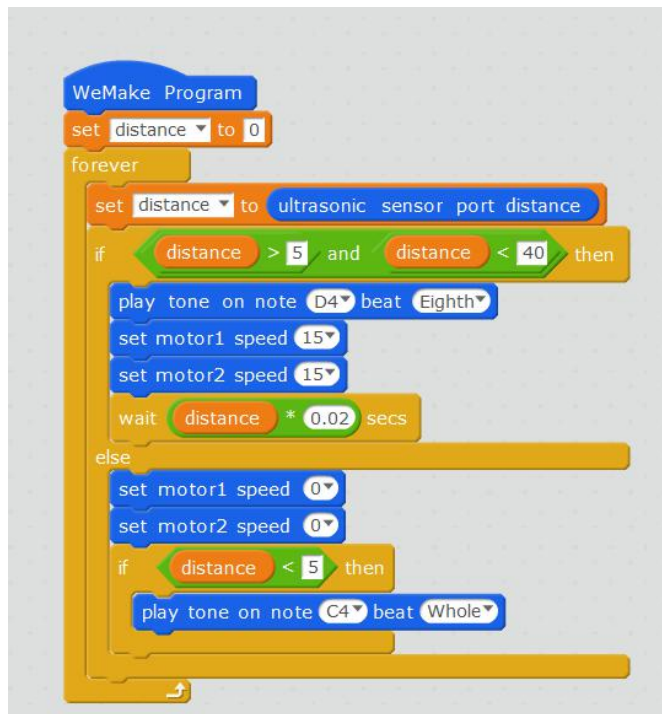
Hardware principle of buzzer: A buzzer can send out various tunes of different beats.



Software Command

Script Type	Command	Comment
Robots	<code>ultrasonic sensor port distance</code>	Get the distance measured by ultrasonic module
Robots	<code>play tone on note C4 beat Eighth</code>	The playing tone is 1/8 of the C4 beat

Create a target: Ultrasonic detects the distance automatically, the closer the distance is, the higher the alarm frequency of the buzzer. When only 5cm from the wall is detected, Qbot stops and the buzzer make long sound of beep which indicates that the parking is completed.



2.Avoid the edge

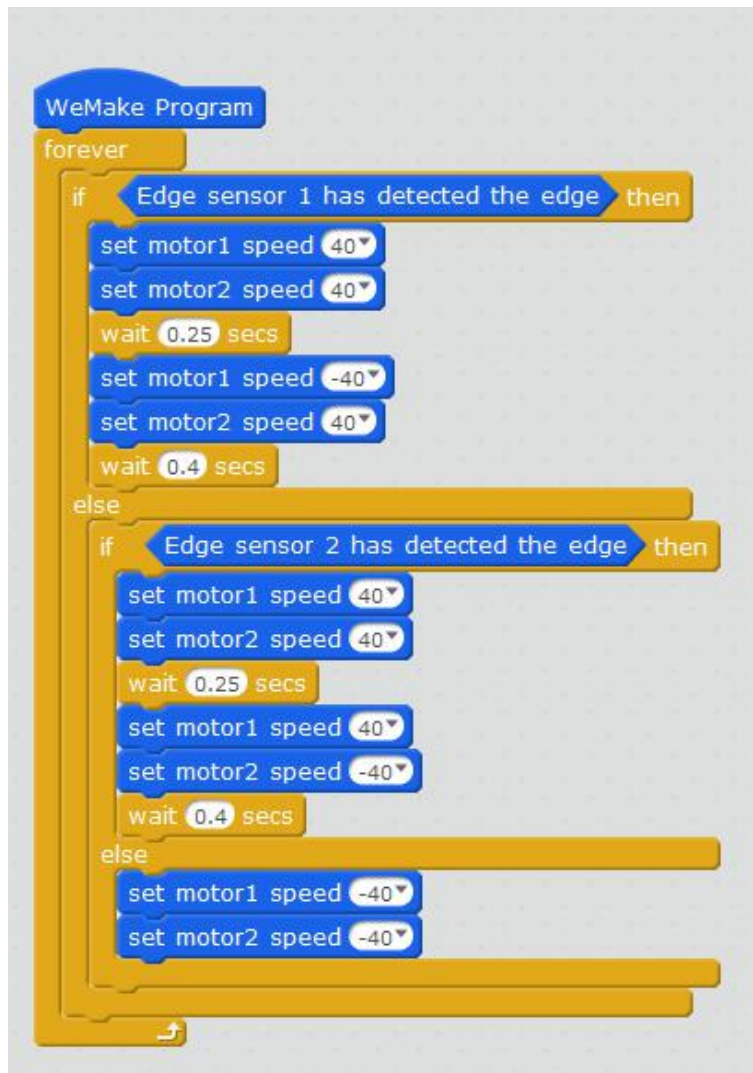
In this episode , we continue to use the line tracking sensor to achieve some other play. This also allows everyone to know more applications of line tracking sensor in the actual scene.

Software Command:

Script Type	Command	Comment
Robots	Edge sensor 1 has detected the edge	Get the status of Edge sensor 1
Robots	Edge sensor 2 has detected the edge	Get the status of Edge sensor 2

Create a Target: Our map is a large black runway, and Qbot can be placed inside the runway. After turning on the switch, it will run when it touches the black line. That means the Qbot will continue to move within the black runway.

Realization: We can monitor whether Qbot touch the black line or not through line tracking sensor so as to control the movement of Qbot.



3. Follow the Object

In this episode, we continue to use ultrasonic sensor to perform some other gameplay. This also allows you to know more about applications of ultrasonic sensor.

Software Command:

Script Type	Command	Comment
Robots	<code>ultrasonic sensor port distance</code>	Get the distance measured by the ultrasonic wave

Create a Target: The ultrasonic sensor measures the distance between the Qbot and the obstacle. If the distance is less than 15 cm, Qbot will move backward, the smaller the distance, the faster the speed. If the distance is greater than 15 cm, Obot will move forward, the greater the distance, the faster the speed. Therefore, the distance between Qbot and the obstacle is about 15cm.

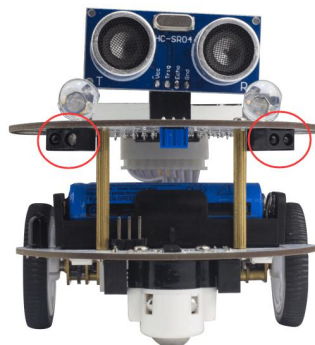
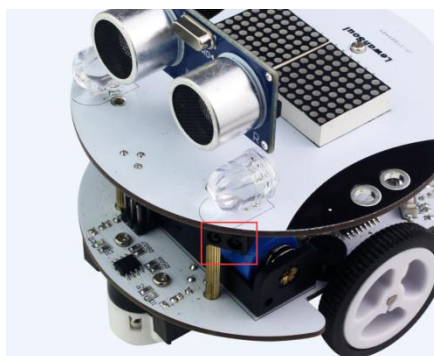
```

WeMake Program
set distance to 0
forever
  set distance to ultrasonic sensor port distance
  if distance > 0 and distance < 15 then
    set motor1 speed distance - 15 * 5
    set motor2 speed distance - 15 * 5
  else
    if distance > 15 and distance < 35 then
      set motor1 speed distance - 15 * 5
      set motor2 speed distance - 15 * 5
    else
      set motor1 speed 0
      set motor2 speed 0
  end if
end if
end forever



```

4.Tracking

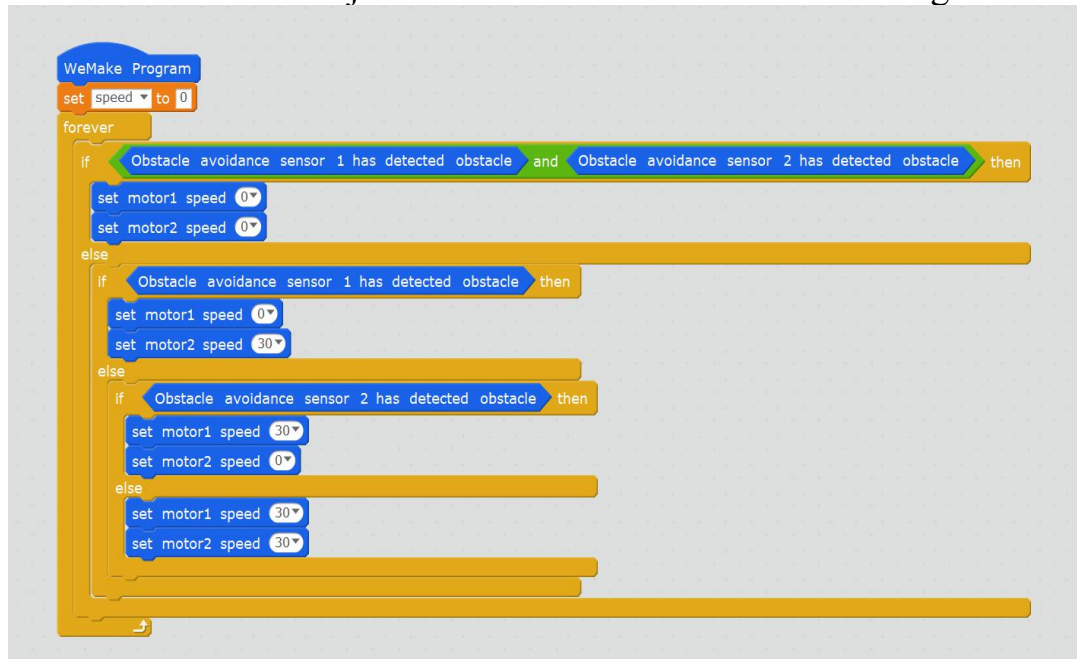
Hardware principle of obstacle avoidance sensor :The basic principle of the obstacle avoidance sensor and the working principle of the tracking sensor are basically the same. If there is no obstacle in a certain range,the emitted infrared rays gradually fade away as the distance farther and farther away, and finally disappear. If there is an obstacle, the infrared encounters an obstacle which is reflected to the sensor receiver. The sensor detects this signal and it will know there is an obstacle ahead.



Software Command

Script Type	Command	Comment
Robots		Gets the status of the No.1 obstacle avoidance sensor
Robots		Gets the status of the No.2 obstacle avoidance sensor

Create a target: Through the obstacle avoidance sensor for the position identification of the object ahead to achieve automatic tracking



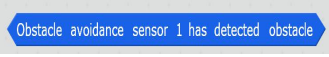
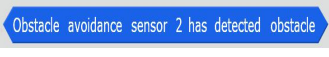
```

WeMake Program
set speed to 0
forever
  if [Obstacle avoidance sensor 1 has detected obstacle] and [Obstacle avoidance sensor 2 has detected obstacle] then
    set motor1 speed 0
    set motor2 speed 0
  else
    if [Obstacle avoidance sensor 1 has detected obstacle] then
      set motor1 speed 0
      set motor2 speed 30
    else
      if [Obstacle avoidance sensor 2 has detected obstacle] then
        set motor1 speed 30
        set motor2 speed 0
      else
        set motor1 speed 30
        set motor2 speed 30
  
```

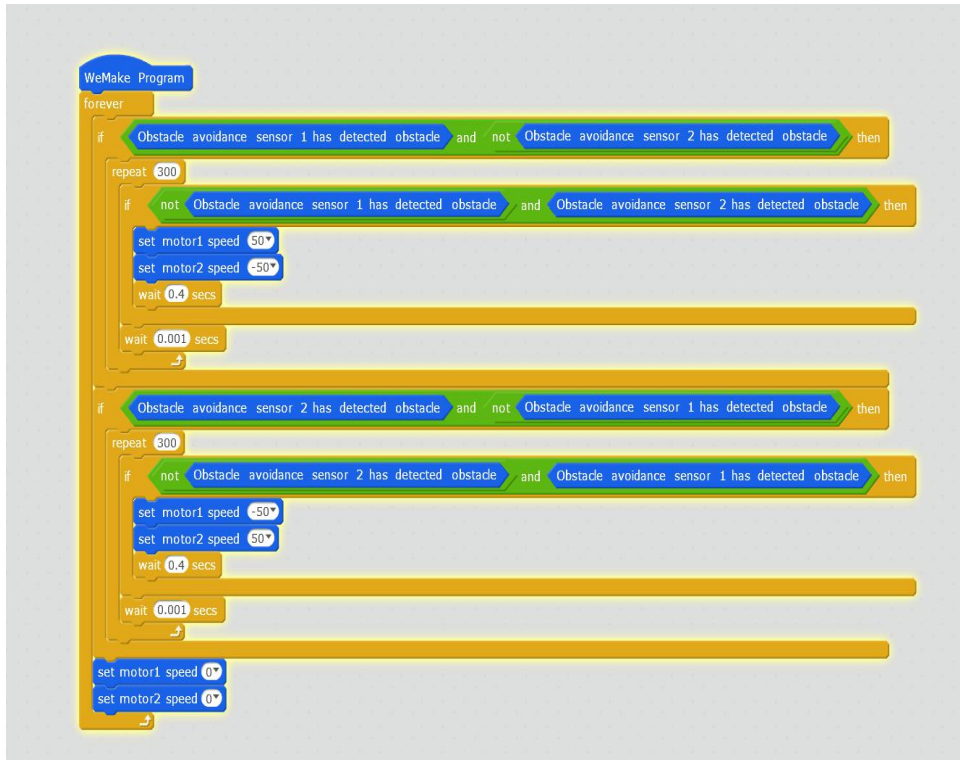
5.gesture control

In this episode, we will continue to use obstacle avoidance sensors to achieve new gameplay!

Software Command

Script Type	Command	Comment
Robots		Gets the status of the No.1 obstacle avoidance sensor
Robots		Gets the status of the No.2 obstacle avoidance sensor

Creata target: Using 2 obstacle avoidance sensors at the top of the Qbot to determine the direction of movement of the object ahead, so as to make a left or right turn



6.illuminate the night

LED hardware principle: There are two large LED lights with 1cm diameter on the Qbot. We can control the situation of lights(off/ on) by programming

Software Command:

Script Type	Command	Comment
Robots		Turn on or off the Headlight.

Create a target: Qbot travels along the black track which has been marked . When traveling to the designated section, 2 LED lights of Qbot open and illuminate the road ahead. When Qbot leaves the specified section , LED lights turn off.

```

WeMake Program
set state to 1
forever
  if line follower status S1_OUT_S2_IN then
    set motor1 speed 50
    set motor2 speed 20
  else
    if line follower status S1_IN_S2_OUT then
      set motor1 speed 20
      set motor2 speed 50
    else
      set motor1 speed 40
      set motor2 speed 40
  if Edge sensor 1 has detected the edge and Edge sensor 2 has detected the edge then
    if state > 0 then
      set state to 0
      open the headlight
    else
      set state to 1
      close the headlight
    wait 0.1 secs

```

7. Parking automatically

In this episode, we use edge sensor to achieve new gameplay!

Software Command:

Script Type	Command	Comment
Robots	Edge sensor 1 has detected the edge	Get the status of Edge sensor 1
Robots	Edge sensor 2 has detected the edge	Get the status of Edge sensor 2

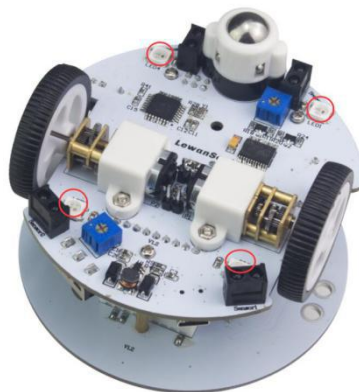
Create a Target: We can make Qbot park automatically

```

WeMake Program
forever
  if Edge sensor 1 has detected the edge and Edge sensor 2 has detected the edge then
    set motor1 speed 0
    set motor2 speed 0
  else
    if not Edge sensor 1 has detected the edge and not Edge sensor 2 has detected the edge then
      set motor1 speed -30
      set motor2 speed -30
    else
      wait 0.01 secs
      if Edge sensor 1 has detected the edge and not Edge sensor 2 has detected the edge then
        set motor1 speed -30
        set motor2 speed 30
        wait 0.01 secs
      else
        set motor1 speed 30
        set motor2 speed -30
        wait 0.01 secs
      set motor1 speed -30
      set motor2 speed -30
      wait 0.01 secs
    set motor1 speed 0
    set motor2 speed 0
  
```

8.RGB lights dancing

Hardware principle of RGB light : There are four "LED lights" on the LED module. Each LED light is composed of a red LED lamp bead, a green LED lamp bead and a blue LED lamp bead.



Software Command

Script Type	Command	Comment
Robots		Set the color of the RGB light “all” : select the light which you want to control

Create a target: When Qbot moves, RGB lights randomly issued a variety of colors of light.

```

WeMake Program
set count to 0
set color to 0
set c to 1
forever
  if line follower status S1_OUT_S2_IN then
    set motor1 speed 50
    set motor2 speed 20
  else
    if line follower status S1_IN_S2_OUT then
      set motor1 speed 20
      set motor2 speed 50
    else
      set motor1 speed 40
      set motor2 speed 40
  change count by 1.5
  if count > 0 and count < 100 then
    set Led 1 red 255 green 0 blue 0
    set Led 2 red 0 green 255 blue 0
    set Led 3 red 0 green 0 blue 255
    set Led 4 red 255 green 255 blue 255
  if count > 100 and count < 200 then
    set Led 1 red 255 green 255 blue 255
    set Led 2 red 255 green 0 blue 0
    set Led 3 red 0 green 255 blue 0
    set Led 4 red 0 green 0 blue 255
  if count > 200 and count < 300 then
    set Led 1 red 0 green 0 blue 255
    set Led 2 red 255 green 255 blue 255
    set Led 3 red 255 green 0 blue 0
    set Led 4 red 0 green 255 blue 0
  if count > 300 and count < 400 then
    set Led 1 red 0 green 255 blue 0
    set Led 2 red 0 green 0 blue 255
    set Led 3 red 255 green 255 blue 255
    set Led 4 red 255 green 0 blue 0
  if count > 400 then
    set count to 0
  
```

9. Football match

Have you ever seen robot play football? In this episode, we will show you how our Qbot play this fantastic game!

Create a Target: The Qbot has expanded holes and is compatible with the structure bracket of the Lego blocks. You can expand the mechanical structure of Qbot by yourself!

Realization :Carry out the robot soccer contest with mobile phone.

10. Trajectories control



Game description: You can draw trajectories on your mobile phone

APP to control the movement of Qbot. Then Qbot will move along the track.

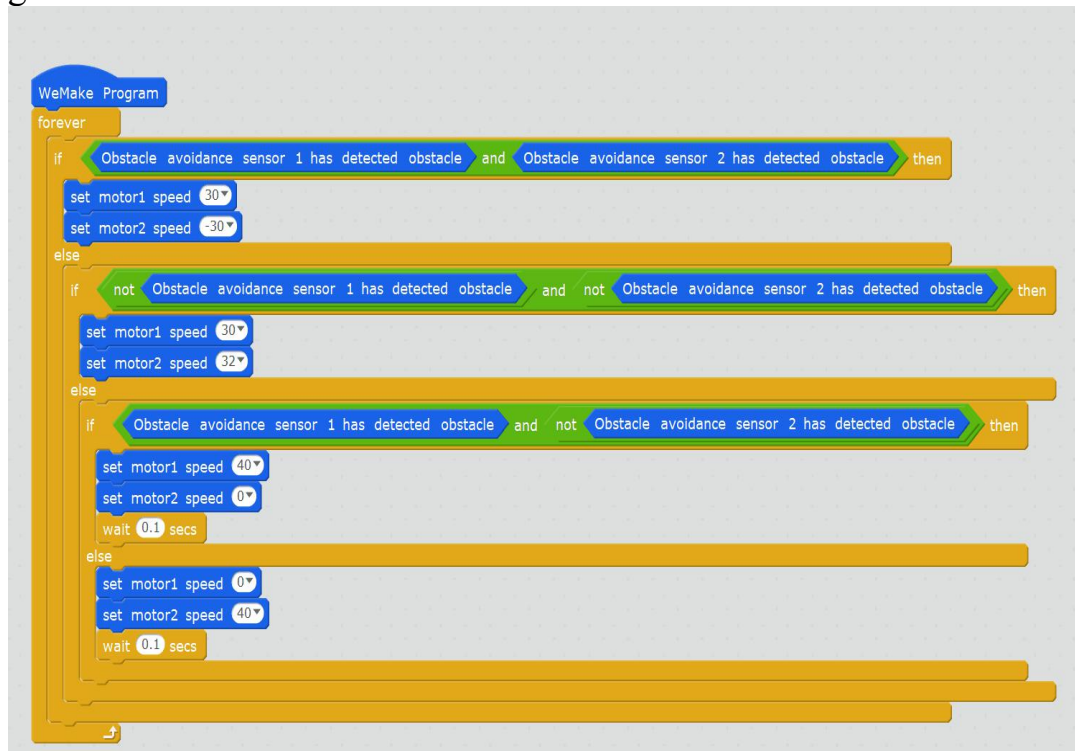
11. Through the maze

How to apply obstacle avoidance sensors to the actual scene? We'll show it in this episode!

Software Command

Script Type	Command	Comment
Robots		Get the status of the No.1 obstacle avoidance sensor
Robots		Get the status of the No.1 obstacle avoidance sensor

Create a target: Using 2 obstacle avoidance sensors at the top of the Qbot combined with an ultrasonic sensor, the Qbot avoids obstacle and goes out of the maze.



12. Ultrasonic Ranging

Hardware principle of Ultrasonic sensor: The ultrasonic sensor is the input device for detecting the distance. It has two “eyes”. One is used to launch ultrasonic waves. The ultrasound will bounce when it encounters an obstacle, which is received by another “eye”. Sound propagation takes a certain amount of time so that we can measure the distance of the obstacle based on the time it takes to send and receive the ultrasonic wave.



Technical Support

If there is anything that you do not understand, please check the instructions or the accompanying video tutorial, if the problem still can not be solved, please feel free to contact us by email at support@lewansoul.com

Please visit the following link or scan the QR codes to get related instructions and video tutorial.

	Get instructions(Dropbox)	Get video tutorial(Youtube)
Link	http://bit.ly/2rJshh6	http://bit.ly/2t4MNwS
QR code		